Rigvedic deities

There are 1,028 hymns ($s\bar{u}kta$) in the Rigveda, the principal text of the historical Vedic religion of the Vedic period (1500–500 BCE). Most of these hymns are dedicated to specific deities. The most prominent deity is Indra, slayer of Vritra and destroyer of the Vala, liberator of the cows and the rivers; Agni the sacrificial fire and messenger of the gods; and Soma, the ritual drink dedicated to Indra, are additional principal deities. [1][2]

Contents

Deities by prominence

See also

References

Sources

External links

Deities by prominence

List of Rigvedic deities by a number of dedicated hymns, after Griffith (1888). Some dedications are to paired deities, such as Indra-Agni, Mitra-Varuna, Soma-Rudra, here counted double. <u>Vishvadevas</u> (all gods together) have been invoked 70 times.

- Indra 250
- Agni 200
- Soma 123
- Aśvins 56
- Varuna 46
- Maruts 38
- Mitra 28^[3]
- Ushas 21
- Vayu (Wind) 12
- Savitr 11
- the Rbhus 11
- Pushan 10
- the Apris 9
- Brhaspati 8
- Surya (Sun) 8
- Dyáuş Pitr and Prthvī Mātr (Heaven and Earth) 6, plus 5.84 dedicated to Earth alone
- Apas (Waters) 6
- Adityas 6

- Vishnu 4, plus 2 paired hymns 1.155 dedicated to Vishnu-Indra & hymn 6.69 dedicated to Indra-Vishnu. A total of 5 i.e. (4+1/2+1/2) hymns
- Brahmanaspati 6
- Rudra 4, plus a paired hymn 6.74 dedicated to both Soma-Rudra. A total of 41/2 i.e. (4+1/2) hymns
- Dadhikras 4
- Yama (Death) 4
- the Sarasvati River / Sarasvati 3
- Parjanya (Rain) 3
- Vāc (Speech) 2 (mentioned 130 times, deified e.g. in 10.125)
- Vastospati 2
- Vishvakarman 2
- Manyu 2
- Kapinjala (the Heathcock, a form of Indra) 2

Minor deities (one single or no dedicated hymn)

- Manas (Thought), prominent concept, deified in 10.58
- Dakshina (Reward for priests and poets), prominent concept, deified in 10.107
- Purusha ("Cosmic Man" of the Purusha sukta 10.90)
- Aditi
- Shachi
- Bhaga
- Vasukra
- Atri
- Apam Napat
- Ksetrapati
- Ghrta
- Nirrti
- Asamati
- Urvasi
- Pururavas
- Vena
- Aranyani
- Mayabheda
- Tarksya
- Tvastar
- Saranyu

See also

Historical Vedic religion

References

1. "Vedic religion" (https://www.britannica.com/topic/Vedic-religion). Encyclopedia Britannica.

- 2. Flood 1996, p. 21-22.
- 3. Noel Seth,"Man's Relation to God in the Varuna Hymns," in the St. Thomas Christian Encyclopaedia of India, Ed. George Menachery, Vol.III, 2010, pp.4 ff.

Sources

- Sri Aurobindo (1998), The Secret of veda (https://www.holybooks.com/wp-content/uploads/T he-Secret-Of-The-Veda-Aurobindo.pdf) (PDF), Sri Aurobindo Ashram press
- Flood, Gavin D. (1996), *An Introduction to Hinduism* (https://books.google.com/books?id=Kp IWhKnYmF0C), Cambridge University Press, ISBN 978-0-521-43878-0
- Ralph T.H. Griffith, Hymns of the Rigveda (1888)

External links

Media related to Rigvedic deities at Wikimedia Commons

Retrieved from "https://en.wikipedia.org/w/index.php?title=Rigvedic_deities&oldid=1074501286"

This page was last edited on 28 February 2022, at 16:01 (UTC).

Text is available under the Creative Commons Attribution-ShareAlike License 3.0; additional terms may apply. By using this site, you agree to the Terms of Use and Privacy Policy. Wikipedia® is a registered trademark of the Wikimedia Foundation, Inc., a non-profit organization.